

The Problem of Quadrilateral Surface Mesh Generation from a Computer Graphics & Geometry Processing Perspective

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QUAD MESHES?







WHY QUAD MESHES?

- alignment to principal curvature directions
- tensor-product structure (for NURBS, etc.)
- anisotropy without bad angles
- bilinear interpolation
- higher efficiency in numerical simulations
- aesthetics
- legacy reasons

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HARDNESS

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TRIANGLE PAIRING



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• Perfect Matching



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CATMULL-CLARK SPLIT

• Barycentric subdivision of the entire mesh



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ENGINEERING APPROACHES

• Paving



Choi and Kim 2011

• Alliez et al. 2003, Marinov & Kobbelt 2004



• Alliez et al. 2003, Marinov & Kobbelt 2004



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Weinkauf et al. 2010



Weinkauf et al. 2010



Weinkauf et al. 2010

• Eigenfunctions of the Laplace-Beltrami operator



Levy and Zhang 2009

Dong et al. 2006



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Dong et al. 2006 Huang et al. 2008 orientation, alignment



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orientation, alignment anisotropy improved alignment, sizing





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Kälberer et al. 2007 Bommes et al. 2009

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 - more complex surfaces: cut open, constrained transitions
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 - irregular vertices: cut, constrained transitions ($k \cdot 90^{\circ}$)
 - where to put irregular vertex with which valence?











- construct alternative Gaussian curvature, (close to original)
- by constructing alternative parallel transport





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• As-Levi-Civita-as-possible $\sum \delta_{ij}^2 \to \min$



Li et al. 2006 Bommes et al. 2009 Ray et al. 2008 Crane et al. 2010

Vaxman et al. 2016: Directional Field Synthesis

CROSS FIELD



FIELD GUIDED PARAMETRIZATION



Bommes et al. 2013 Ebke et al. 2014

TRANSITION CONSTRAINTS



TRANSITION CONSTRAINTS



 $R^{90^{\circ}}(f(a) - f(b)) = (f(c) - f(d))$

INTEGER CONSTRAINTS

- Some values need to be integer
- But which integers?
 - Solve real-valued
 - Round
 - Solve with constraints
 - all at once Kälberer et al. 2007
 - one by one, greedy Bommes et al. 2009



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- one by one, greedy Bommes et al. 2009
- "try all, take best" Bommes et al. 2013
- "differential" approach Campen et al. 2015

QUAD MESHES

Campen et al. 2015



ROBUSTNESS

• injectivity



Lipman 2012 Bommes et al. 2013 *Liu et al. 2016* Myles et al. 2014

Ebke et al. 2013







ANISOTROPY & SIZING

• Use non-orthonormal "cross"-field

Kovacs et al. 2010


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Panozzo et al. 2014



LOCAL PARAMETRIZATION

Ray et al. 2006 Knöppel et al. 2015 Jakob et al. 2015





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• "Extremal" Integer Grid Maps

Bommes et al. 2013 Campen et al. 2015



• Base-complex



- Base-complex
 - simplify by modifications to quad mesh
 - construct from scratch



Tarini et al. 2011 Bommes et al. 2011

Razafindrazaka et al. 2015 Usai et al. 2015 Campen et al. 2012 Campen & Kobbelt 2014

QUAD LAYOUTS: DUAL LOOPS

- Base-complex
 - simplify by modifications to quad mesh
 - construct from scratch

Campen et al. 2012 Campen & Kobbelt 2014





Li et al. 2012



• Param. generalizes $||JF - I||^2 \to \min \quad F = [\vec{u} \ \vec{v}]$

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- Param. generalizes $||JF I||^2 \to \min \quad F = [\vec{u} \ \vec{v} \ \vec{w}]$
- Cross fields don't! $\sum \delta_{ij}^2 \to \min$
 - harder to get efficient formulation
 - most frame fields are not "legal"
 - legality conditions global and complex
 - even for the local conditions: no simple way to take them into account (other than by post-processing)

SUMMARY

- Early Approaches
 - Pairing, Subdivision, Paving, Tracing
- Morse-Smale
 - Eigenfunctions, wave functions
- Integer Grid Maps
 - flexible, selective level of control, guiding field
- Global Structure
 - Post-processing, Dual Loops, Extremal Integer Grid Maps
- 3D
 - Main problem: singularity/irregularity structure

RESOURCES

- libigl basic implementation of integer grid maps
- instant-meshes Jakob et al. local param. based quad-(dominant) meshing
- CoMISo mixed integer solver for cross fields, param.
- QEx, HexEx Ebke et al., Lyon et al. robust extraction of meshes from parametrizations

Jacobson, Panozzo et al.

Bommes, Zimmer et al.

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